

Handwriting and Presentation Expectations

All year groups

- Interventions (for target children) for the development of motor skills to improve core stability, posture, coordination e.g. doh-disco, fine/gross motor

- Pencil grips/special grip pencils – having pencil grips available and ensuring children are continually reminded to hold pencils/crayons/pens with the correct pencil grip (might need to try out a few different pencil grips)

- Maintain high expectations of handwriting and presentation across the curriculum.

Resources (all modelling of writing)

- Use 'magnetic ruler and handle' to draw lines on flipchart paper (not on IWB)
- Use chisel tip marker pen
- Ensure sharp pencils (the most important tool children use)

Physical positioning (all writing lessons)

- Use both hands: 1 to control pencil and 1 to control paper or book
- 6 feet on the floor (4 chair legs, 2 human legs!)
- BBC bottom back in chair and TNT tummy near table (bums and tums)
- Swap LH/RH around so arms not clashing

- Pencil control: hold where black and yellow lines start; rest it on "the pencil's bed"; red dot point over shoulder; tuck elbow in

Handwriting lessons

- Do a little often: 15-20 minutes.

- Warm-up: simple repeating patterns on the line.
- Pupils should be totally focussed, no talking, take it slowly.
- No rubbers/crossing out "Look at a mistake, learn from it, leave it".
- Terminology: Tall, short, tail letters & 'the joining line'.

- Limit the amount of individual letters/words/patterns children do before they stop, to maintain focus e.g. "Do 3 and pencils down". Only ask children to do more if they have done incorrect formation – model in their book and let them have another try.

- Scaffold children who find letter formation hard (use yellow pen/pencil for children to go over, have a dot where children start), then they try a few themselves.

- Focus on tricky words, common exception words, specific spellings in handwriting lessons.

- Staff to observe and check handwriting **at the time of learning when possible**, so that mistakes can be addressed immediately and children can practise correctly.

- Write name at the end every session to mark progression – insist on capital letter (might need modelling).

- Self-assessment: "Dot your best letter ... and do one even better". TTYP Why is this your best letter?
- Peer assessment: "If this was my writing I would be really proud because ..."

Handwriting books

- Year R use lined books (15/20mm) but differentiate if needed (especially SEND).

- Year 1 use lined books (10/12mm) but differentiate if needed (especially SEND).

- Year 2 use lined books (8mm) but differentiate if needed (especially SEND), with some potentially using line guides towards end of year.

- Use specially lined paper in other writing sessions/for presentation pieces

In all lessons

- Staff to remind children of handwriting expectations across curriculum (not only in separate English/RWI/ handwriting sessions but in <u>all lessons</u>).

- Staff to **correct** children's letter/number formation as much as possible – children to respond to this (at the time of learning if possible).

- Staff to use RWI language (or whatever helps individual children) to help remind children of correct formation.

- Staff to use the **agreed language**: short, tall (ascenders) and tail (descenders) letters, joining line.
- Ensure staff are **modelling** correct letter formation, on lines and flipchart paper when possible.

- Expectation of children to be using correct **positioning** at tables (6) feet on floor and sitting up-right (BBC, TNT – bums and tums) etc.

- Staff to **challenge** poor letter formation/presentation by asking children to **re-write words/sentences** (appropriate for child's age and stage).

Handwriting and Presentation Expectations. Page 1 of 4.



Year Group Handwriting Expectations

Reception				
 Teaching of letter formation during RWI Continuous provision: gross and fine motor activities 				
 Writing/mark making area to support readiness for writing Guided handwriting tasks (when appropriate) Name writing 				
Summer Term - Specific handwriting sessions - teach 2/3 letters a week (in their 'families') (important preparation for year 1)				

Year 1							
- At least 2 lessons a week (1 st lesson intro letter/word and 2nd lesson consolidate)							
- 1 morning board per week to practise the letters for that week. This can incorporate spelling practise or be part of a writing task.							
	- Re-teach 2/3 letters a week (in their 'families')						
Autumn Term - Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words (just short letters) WORD LEVEL							
- Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words (just short and tall letters – WORD LEVEL							
Spring Term	- Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words (just short and tail letters – descenders) WORD LEVEL						
	- Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words (mixture of short, tall - ascenders and tail – descenders) WORD LEVEL						
	- Teach formation of capital letters						
Summer Term	- Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words (mixture of short, tall - ascenders and tail – descenders) SENTENCE LEVEL						
	Only if GDS in writing: - Joining patterns (important preparation for year 2)						
- Joins within words							

Year 2 - At least 2 lessons a week (1st lesson intro letter/word/join and 2nd lesson consolidate)						
Autumn Term	 Teach how to sit letters next to each other in words – (short, tall - ascenders and tail - descenders) WORD/SENTENCE LEVEL Capital letter sizing – WORD LEVEL 					
Spring Term	 Capital letter sizing – SENTENCE LEVEL Joining patterns Joins – WORD LEVEL 					
Summer Term	- Joining patterns - Joins – SENTENCE LEVEL					

• All handwriting documents are available on shared drive: Staff > CURRICULUM > English > Handwriting

- Handwriting/English/Topic/RWI books and expectations of correct formation within all of children's writing will be monitored by English lead
- Learning walks will be carried out by English lead

Handwriting and Presentation Expectations. Page 2 of 4.



Letter Formation Pictures and phrases taken from Read, Write Inc. Programme.

Letters	Handwriting Phrase	Picture		Vocabulary short/tall/tail			
Over the hill letters							
a	Round the apple and down the leaf	apple		short			
С	Curl around the caterpillar	caterpillar	C	short			
d	Round his bottom, up his tall neck and down to his feet	dinosaur	d	tall			
е	Lift of the top and scoop out the egg	egg	6	short			
g	Round her face, down her neck and give her a curl	girl	9	tail			
0	All around the orange	orange	0	short			
q	Round her head up past he earrings and down her hair	queen	٩	tail			
S	Slither down the snake	snake	S	short			
Bouncy	oall letters						
b	Down the laces to the heel, round the toe	boot	6	tall			
h	Down the head to the hooves and over his back	horse	h	tall			
k *	Down the kangaroo's body, tail and leg	kangaroo	k	tall			
m	Down Maisie, over the mountain, over the mountain	Maisie and mountains	m	short			
n	Down Nobby, over his net	football net	n	short			
р	Down his plait and around his head	pirate	P	tail			
r	Down his back, then curl over his arm	robot	r	short			
Top to to	e letters						
f	Down the stem and draw the leaves	flower	f	tall / tail			
i	Down his body and dot for his head	insect	A.	short			
j	Down his body curl and dot	jack-in-the-box	Ĵ	tail			
	Down the long leg	leg	1	tall			
†	Down the tower across the tower	castle tower	î	tall			
Smile on	the line letters						
U	Down and under, up to the top and draw the puddle	umbrella	U	short			
У	Down a horn, up a horn and under his head	yak	y	tail			
Robot le	Iters	Γ	4.55				
\vee	Down a wing, up a wing	vulture	V	short			
W	Down up, down up	worm	W	short			
Х	Down the arm and leg and repeat the other side	exercise	X	short			
Z	Zig-zag-zig	zip	Z	short			
* k – teach the k with the loop in preparation for joining							



Family:	Letters:	Example words:	Year 1 common exception word examples:	Year 2 common exception word examples:	
Over the hill	a, c, d, e, g, o, q, s,	as, dog, sad, cage, good, queen	one, are, some, has, said	class, door, again, gold	
Bouncy ball	b, h, k, m, n, p, r,	hand, book, more, pond	be, some, ask, push	behind, climb, many, people	
Top to toe	f, i, j, l, t	light, jump, tail, felt, quite	of, full, friend, pull, today	floor, after, plant,	
Smile on the line	υ, γ	you, joy, try, ugly	ask, your, they	pretty, every, many	
Robot	V, W, X, Z	wave, wax, axe, lazy	was, where, love	would, wild, whole who, move	

Joining Patterns

Start with teaching a joining pattern. Write words with that join in.

